

Community Network of Specialized Care Toronto Region

A review of the refreshed mandate

**Human Services and Justice Coordinating
Committee**

November 6, 2018



Presentation Agenda

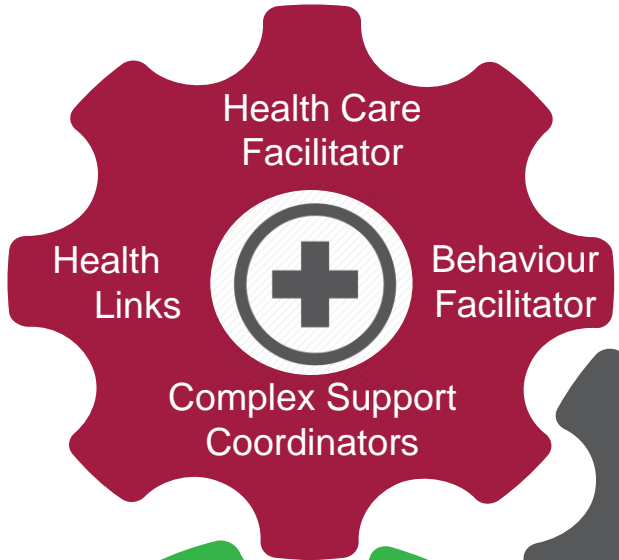
CNSC Refreshed Mandate





Connection Across Sectors

Health Connections



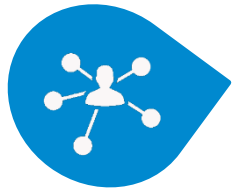
Community Planning Mechanisms



Justice Connections



Housing Connections



Community Networks of Specialized Care

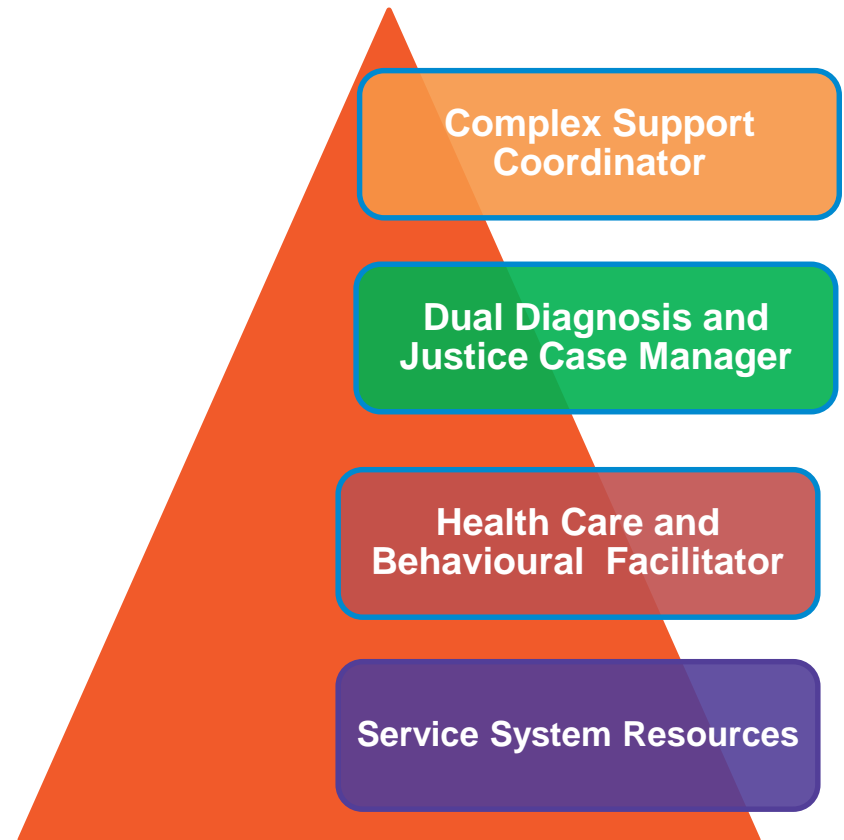
Refreshed Mandate

Mandate

To serve adults with developmental disabilities with complex and multiple needs by:

- Coordinating support and service within and across sectors, by providing complex support coordination for individuals;
- Acting as a resource to service agencies, Developmental Services Ontario and local planning tables (including urgent response and service solutions / case resolution);
- Building system capacity to better support individuals with complex needs through education, mentorship and support to other case managers and service agencies; and
- Providing provincial coordination of videoconferencing and French Language specialized resources.

Key Functions & Roles





CNSCs will...

- Be responsible for coordinating support and service for adults with developmental disabilities and **complex and multiple** needs.
- Be responsible for **building capacity** through education, mentorship and support to other case managers and service agencies.
- Be responsible for overseeing coordination and delivery of the four functions.
- Promote and reinforce service integration (e.g. linkages between justice and health).
- Promote provincial consistency, and address the Ombudsman's recommendations, by improving access to complex support coordination.



CNSCs won't...

- **Assume responsibility for all case management.**
- Be responsible for delivering the services and supports that people with developmental disabilities with complex and multiple needs require (e.g. residential services; Urgent response; specialized services).
- Impact funding for service agencies currently providing complex support coordination.



Target Population:

Definition: High Support & Complex Care Needs

- ❖ **Extraordinary medical and/or behavioural support needs:** determined by scores on SIS sections 3A (medical; scores of 7 or greater) and 3B (behavioural; scores of 10 or greater); and
- ❖ **High overall support needs:** individuals with overall SIS percentiles of greater than 70%; and
- ❖ **Safety concerns:** the caregiver has concerns about the individual's safety because of his/her medical and/or behavioural support needs (ADSS s6.3 and 6.5); and
- ❖ **Overnight supports:** individuals with exceptional medical supports also require overnight supports.



Target Population:

Reasonable Grounds

Reasonable Grounds criteria may apply to individuals who have not yet completed the DS Application Package where they are identified by the DSO as being eligible.

A person may be accepted with **Reasonable Grounds** if:

SIS SCORE:

- The person does not have a SIS completed
- The SIS assessment/score is dated
- The SIS score does not reflect the person's current needs (complex but SIS does not reflect this)
- The SIS does not present enough information

NEEDS:

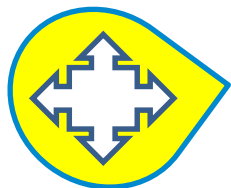
- Multiple partners are involved in the person's support
- There are complex systemic considerations for the person
- There is no agency or case management involvement
- The Network is able to walk alongside (i.e. conduct the orchestra) or is able to stay involved until the person's needs are met or decrease

A red teardrop-shaped icon containing a white dashed line path with two location pins, representing a service pathway.

Service Pathway:

- Referrals to the CNSC Toronto services will be made through the DSO TR
- Referrals to the DDJCM can be made directly to the DDJCM as well as to the DSO
- Individuals, care providers, service agencies can contact the DSO to identify and determine the support pathway
- Individuals may access multiple paths concurrently (e.g., Urgent Response, CNSC, Specialized supports)





Complex Support Coordination:

Leading, developing, facilitating and coordinating, a person-centred approach:

The

- With existing Case Managers who request supports
- When there is other sector case management
- When there is no current capacity for case management
 - Transition planning across sectors (health/justice/mental health) including case resolution
 - Facilitating access to specialized resources (e.g.. Psychiatric, behavioural, etc.) and Specialized accommodations

When to refer: The complexities are not within your capacity-i.e. there is a need to engage multi-sectors, it is more time then you are mandated to offer, support needed to lead multi sector/multi level meetings, the complex situation would benefit from co-case coordination due to the complexities.



Health Care Facilitator:

Capacity building and bridging within and between systems:

- For DS agencies
- For Health Care services (primary, community, hospitals, LTC)
- For caregivers
 - Developing and implementing resources and tools, such as the Primary Care Guidelines.
 - Identify specialized training needs and gaps
 - Provide information regarding community health care systems.
 - Facilitate and/or complete referrals and linkages to appropriate medical resources and social services.

When to refer: difficulties engaging the health sector, medical complexities, the medical complexities are a barrier to service, a health needs falls under the Regulated Health Professions Act-i.e. G-tube, Tracheotomy, etc.



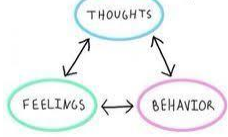
Dual Diagnosis and Justice Case Manager:

Work collaboratively and support court diversion for people with developmental disabilities and/or dual diagnosis:

- With DS agencies and community partners
- With court support workers, discharge planners, mental health services, local correctional and custody facilities
 - Be a central point of contact
 - Coordinate a continuum of services to plan appropriate discharges and maintain community engagement
 - Refer to mental health services and other supports

When to refer: Justice or risk of Justice involvement-incarcerated, probation, bail, police involvement, etc. Does not have to be eligible but must be found eligible within 6 months. Does not need to meet the complex criteria so can be referred directly.

The Cognitive Triangle



Behaviour Facilitator:

Identifying and supporting changes for transitions, environments and interactions that enhance challenging situations:

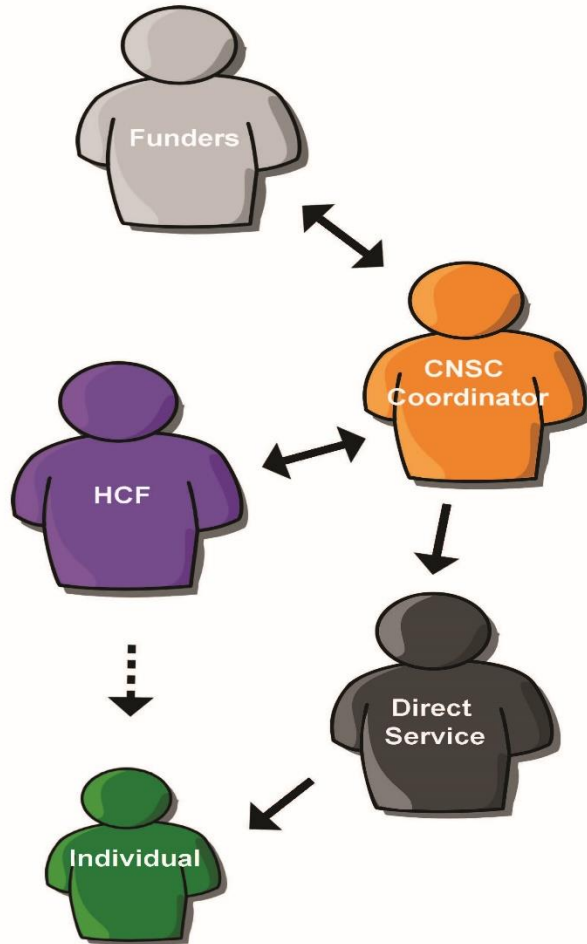
- Create Safety Plans and provide training to families, care providers and community partners to enable improved safety;
- Provide support in implementation of existing behavioural plans in new environments (e.g., hospitals, new housing, shelters)
- Create changes in existing behavioural plans to adapt to new situations
- Have BCBA certification or equivalent experience

When to refer: there is a need for a safety plan, review current behavioural plan, when it is not clear if there is a need for long term BT supports, when the behaviours are a barrier to services.

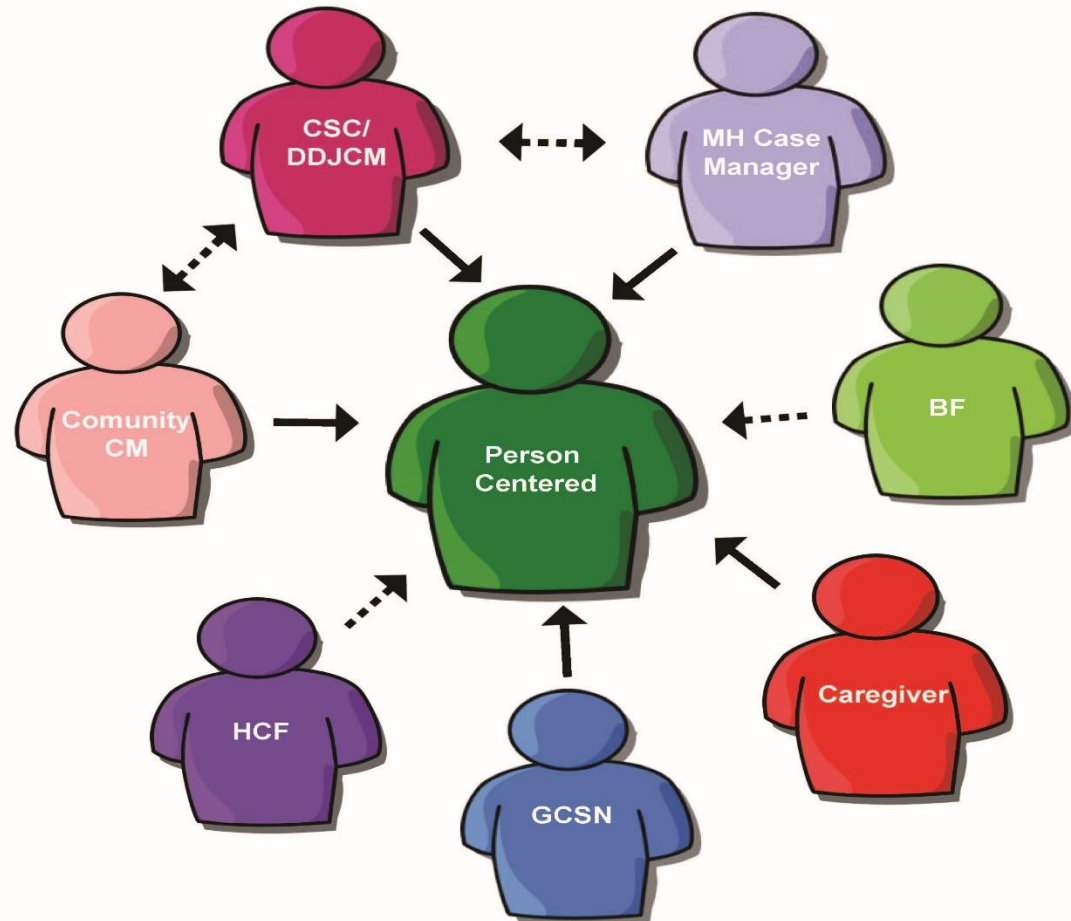


Shifting to Improved Consistency in Planning Functions

System Centered



Person Centered





Questions

